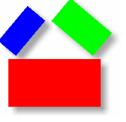


Integrating Marketing Science with Logistics/Supply Chain Management

Edmund W. Schuster

MIT Data Center

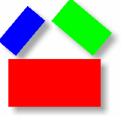
Ching-Huei Tsou, and John R. Williams



Research Interests

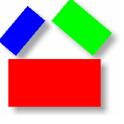
- The Data Center and M Language
- EPCGlobal Network and RFID
- Harvest Analytics
- Production Scheduling Lab
- Achieve for Process Manufacturing





Several Types of Webs

- The Web of Information
 HTML and the World Wide Web
- The Web of Things
 Linking physical objects together using the EPCGlobal Network and RFID
- The Web of Abstractions
 - Building a network of mathematical models
 - Link models together
 - Link data to models
 - Computer languages & protocols to create a free flow of models in a network (Internet or Intranet)



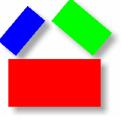
The Future...

Supply chains that sense and respond to the physical world.

This requires an **Intelligent Infrastructure** for management, control, and automation.

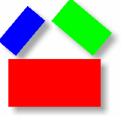
The initial base of the infrastructure is the Electronic Product Code (EPC).

A serial number does not adequately describe an abstraction like a model.



M Language - The Goal

- Building an intelligent network that links models to data
- Translating data at the edge of computing systems
- Internet Search tool that uses the definition of the word
- Various forms of visualization of data through a tangible user interface
- Improve Data quality



M Language - The Goal (continued)

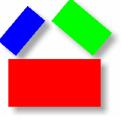
- Communication of models between computers to create interoperability
- Run distributed models across the Internet
- Increased model sharing and re-use of model elements
- Increase the productivity of modeling

Reduce trial & error

Improve mathematical intuition

Reduce dependence on literature search

- Redefine the link between models and data...and data to data
- Share models across domains



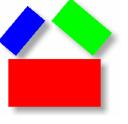
Implications for Supply Chain Management

 Supply Chain Management depends on the flow of data for effective management.

• EPCGlobal Network and RFID Technology and other technologies will increase the flow of data.

 Practitioners will need models to interpret data streams

Inventory, transportation, warehousing, customer service, purchasing...

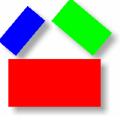


Basic Questions

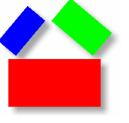
What are the relationships between models?

How are models connected?

In the future, the definition of a model and the sharing of models though a network will become as important as the model itself.



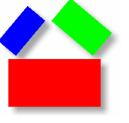
Meaning arises by the way one model is connected or related to other models



Early Work in the Field

• GEOFFRION, A.M. **1987**. "An Introduction to Structured Modeling." *Management Science* 33:5.

- GEOFFRION, A.M. **1989**. "The Formal Aspects of Structural Modeling." Operations Research 37:1.
- MUHANNA, W.A. and R.A. PICK. 1994. "Meta-modeling Concepts and Tools for Model Management:
 A Systems Approach." Management Science 40:9.



Recent Conceptual Work

 BROCK, D.L. 2000. "Intelligent Infrastructure – A Method for Networking Physical Objects," MIT Smart World Conference.

 BROCK, D.L. 2003. "The Data Project – Technologies, Infrastructure and Standards for Distributed Interoperable Modeling and Simulation," MIT Data Project Workshop, September.

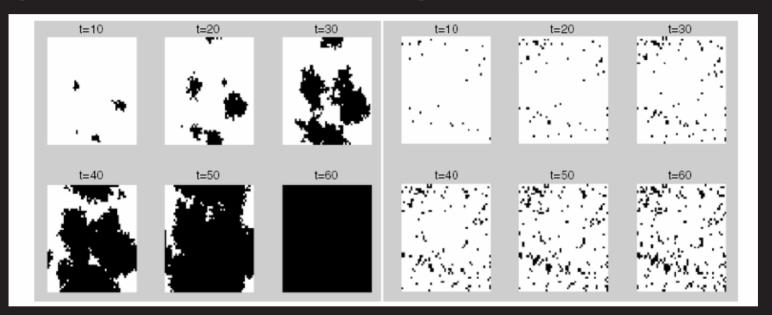


Recent Applied Work

• GAZMURI, P and MATURANA, S. **2001**. "Developing and Implementing a Production Planning DSS for CTI Using Structured Modeling." *Interfaces* 31:4.

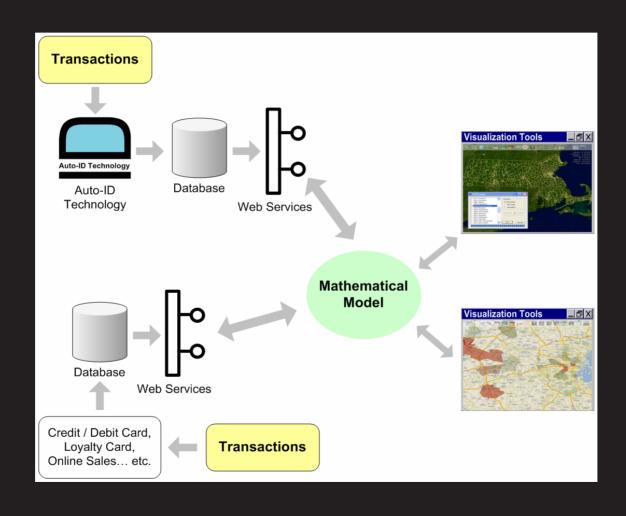


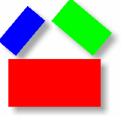
Figure 1 – Successful Introduction Figure 2 – Unsuccessful Introduction

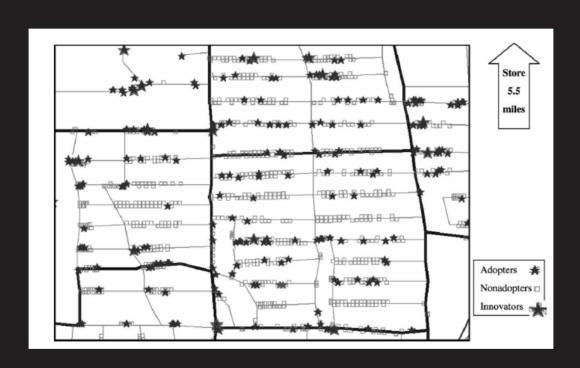


Garber, Tal, Jacob Goldenberg, Barak Libai, and Eitan Muller (2004), "From Density to Destiny: Using Spatial Dimension of Sales Data for Early Prediction of New Product Success," Marketing Science, Vol. 23, No. 3, pp. 419-428.









Allaway, Arthur W., David Berkowitz and Giles D'Souza (2003), "Spatial Diffusion of a New Loyalty Program Through a Retail Market," *Journal of Retailing*, Vol. 79, pp 137 – 151.

