Your PRINTED name is
1.

Your Recitation Instructor (and time) is $\qquad$ Instructors: (Pires)(Hezari)(Sheridan)(Yoo)
3.

1. (a) By elimination find the rank of $A$ and the pivot columns of $A$ (in its column space):

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\
3 & 6 & 3 & 9 \\
2 & 4 & 2 & 9
\end{array}\right]
$$

(b) Find the special solutions to $A x=0$ and then find all solutions to $A x=0$.
(c) For which number $b_{3}$ does $A x=\left[\begin{array}{c}3 \\ 9 \\ b_{3}\end{array}\right]$ have a solution?

Write the complete solution $x$ (the general solution) with that value of $b_{3}$.
2. Suppose $A$ is a 3 by 5 matrix and the equation $A x=b$ has a solution for every $b$. What are $(a)(b)(c)(d)$ ? (If you don't have enough information to answer, tell as much about the answer as you can.)
(a) Column space of $A$
(b) Nullspace of $A$
(c) Rank of $A$
(d) Rank of the 6 by 5 matrix $B=\left[\begin{array}{l}A \\ A\end{array}\right]$.
3. (a) When an odd permutation matrix $P_{1}$ multiplies an even permutation matrix $P_{2}$, the product $P_{1} P_{2}$ is $\qquad$ (EXPLAIN WHY).
(b) If the columns of $B$ are vectors in the nullspace of $A$, then $A B$ is $\qquad$ (EXPLAIN WHY).
(c) If $c=0$, factor this matrix into $A=L U$ (lower triangular times upper triangular):

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 2 & 3 \\
1 & 4 & 9 \\
1 & 8 & c
\end{array}\right]
$$

(d) That matrix $A$ is invertible unless $c=$ $\qquad$

